

Majorum: Ebb-and-Flow Consensus with Dynamic Quorums

Yann Vonlanthen
Ethereum Foundation

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Francesco D'Amato
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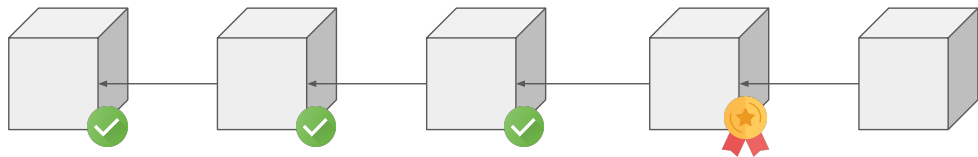
Roberto Saltini
Ethereum Foundation

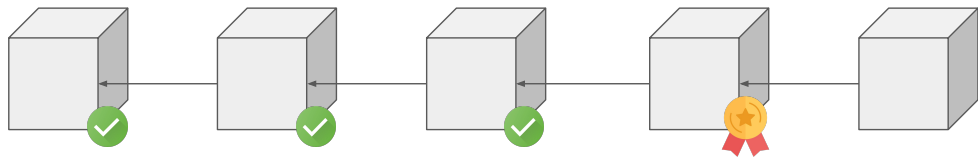


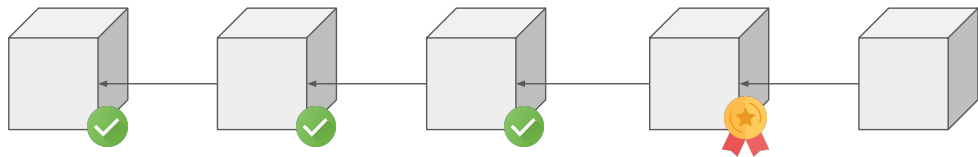
Thanh-Hai Tran
Independent

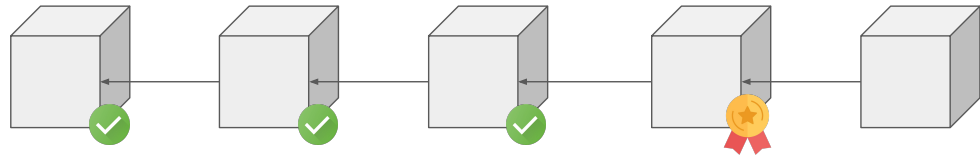


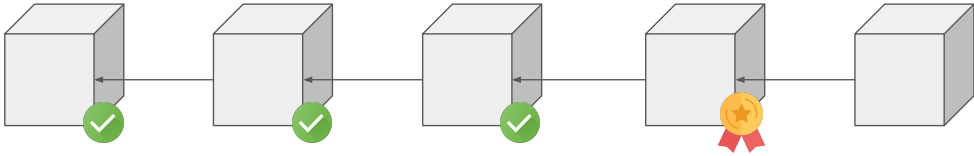
Luca Zanolini
Ethereum Foundation

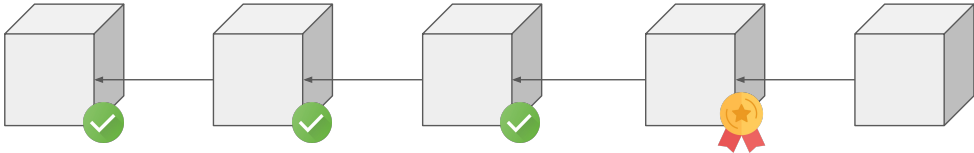


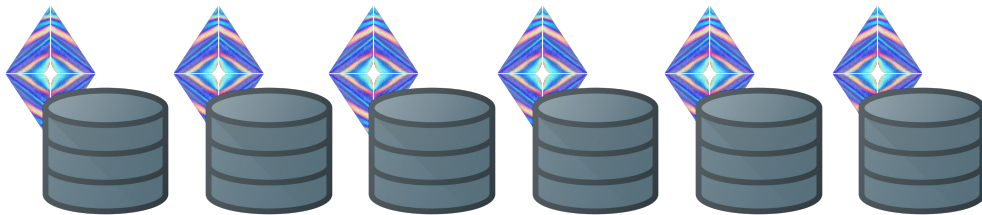
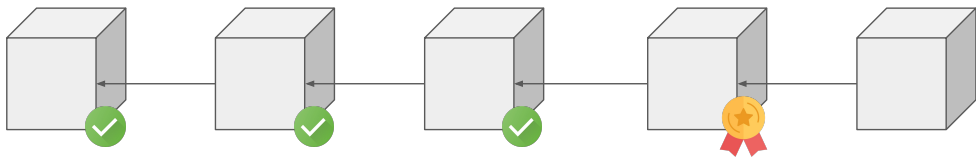


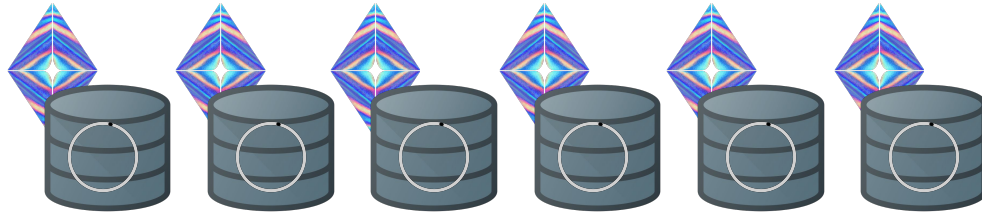
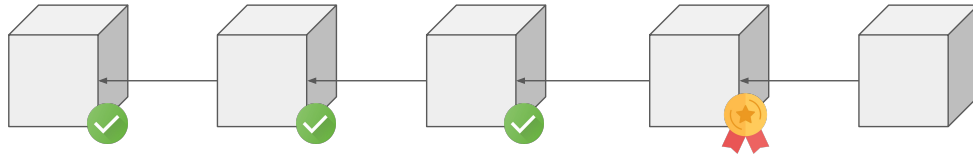


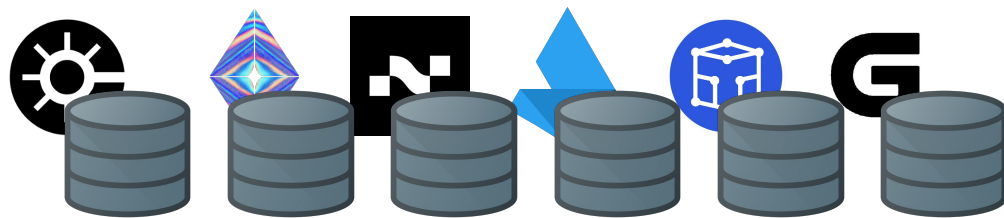
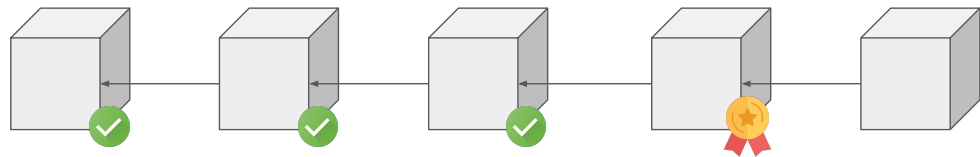


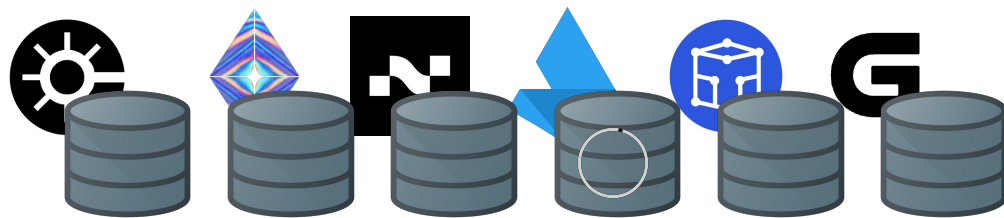
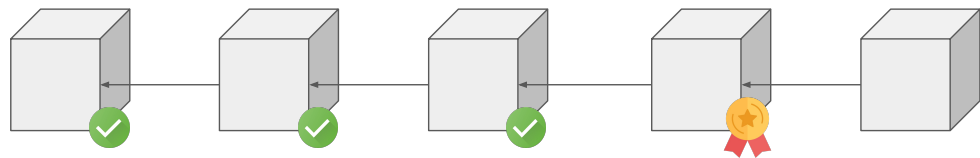


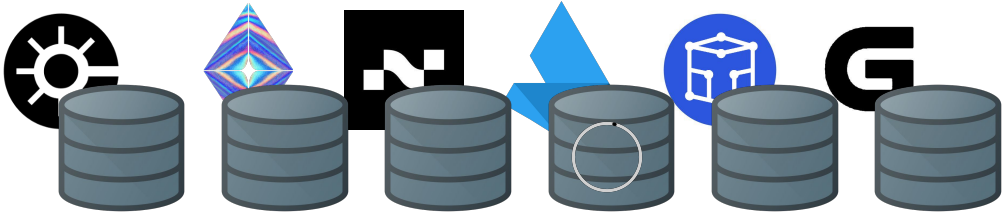
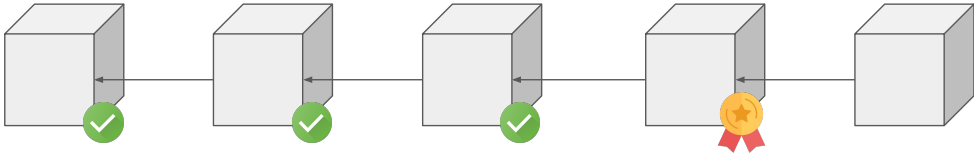










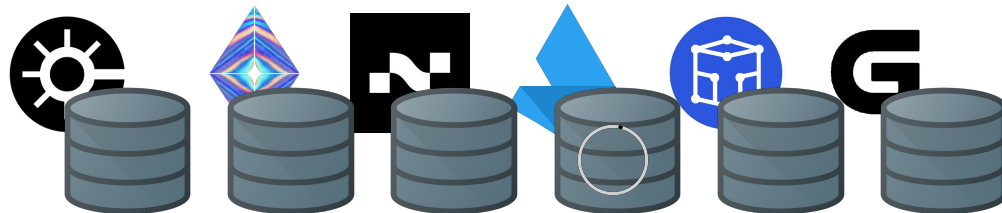


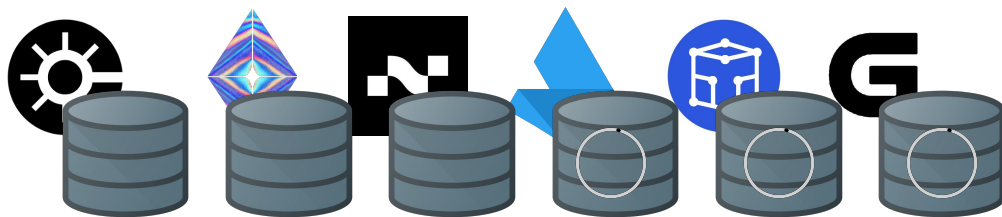
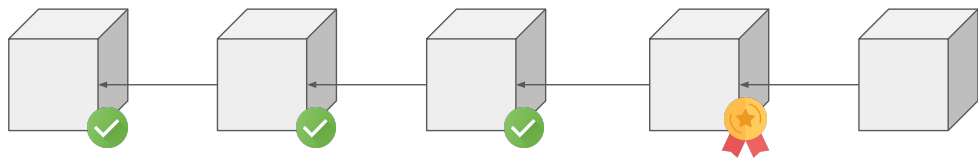
Validator Activity in Ethereum Drops 25% Following Fusaka Deployment

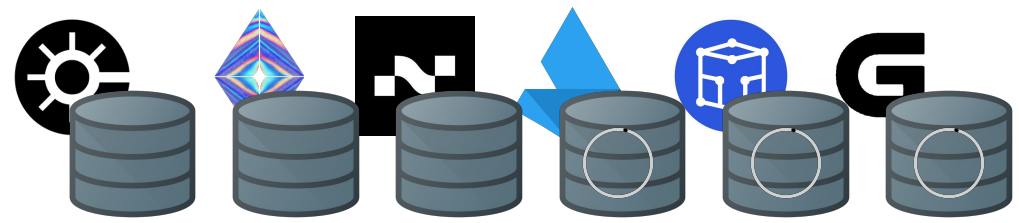
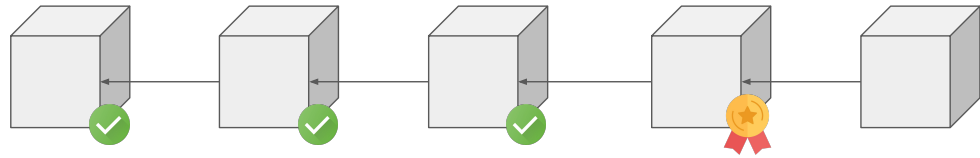
Validator activity in Ethereum drops 25% following Fusaka deployment.

05.12.2025 • ForkLog

Shortly after the deployment of Fusaka, a malfunction occurred in the popular consensus client Prysm, disabling a portion of Ethereum validators.







<https://blog.sigmaprime.io/pectra-holesky-incident.html>

Article — Analysis

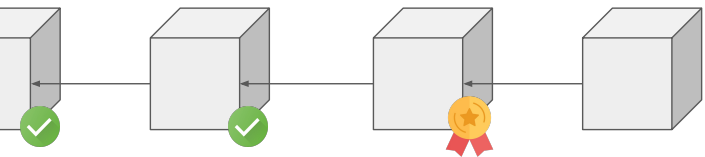
The Pectra Holesky Incident

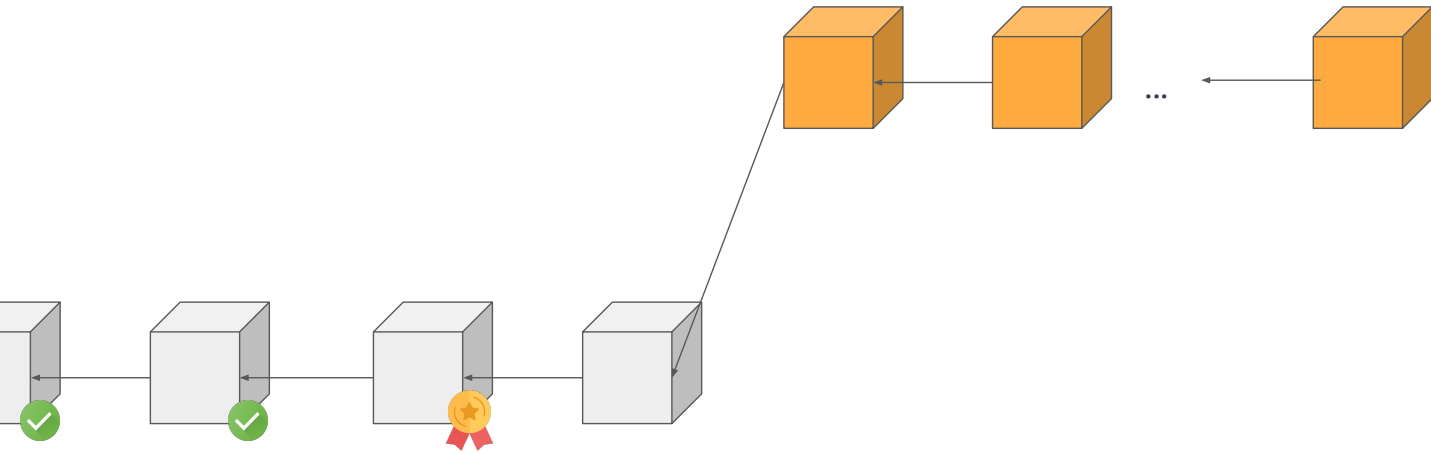


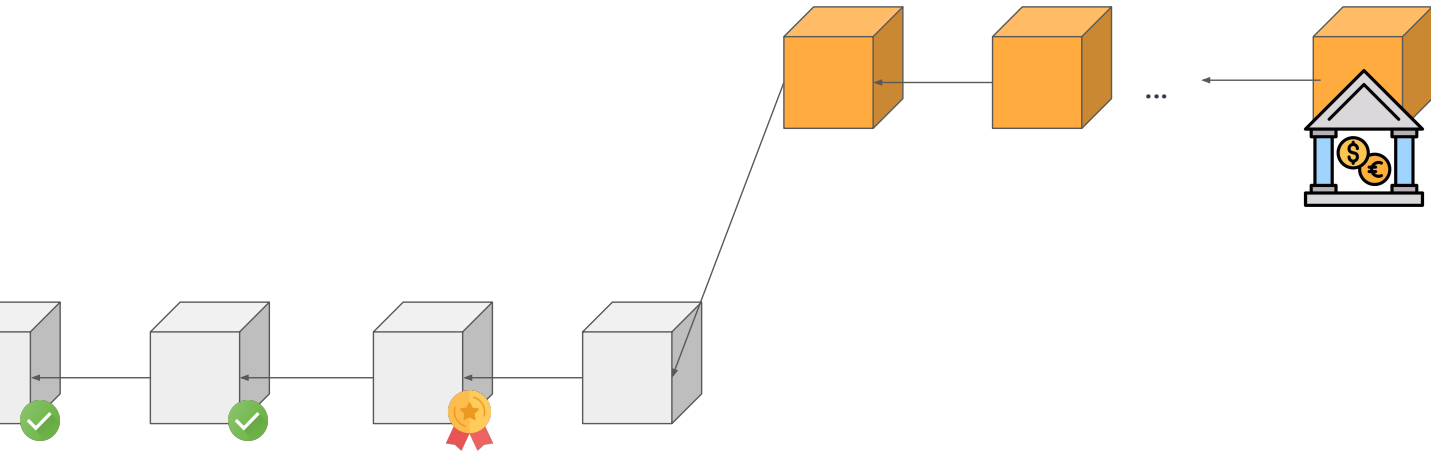
Eitan Seri-Levi

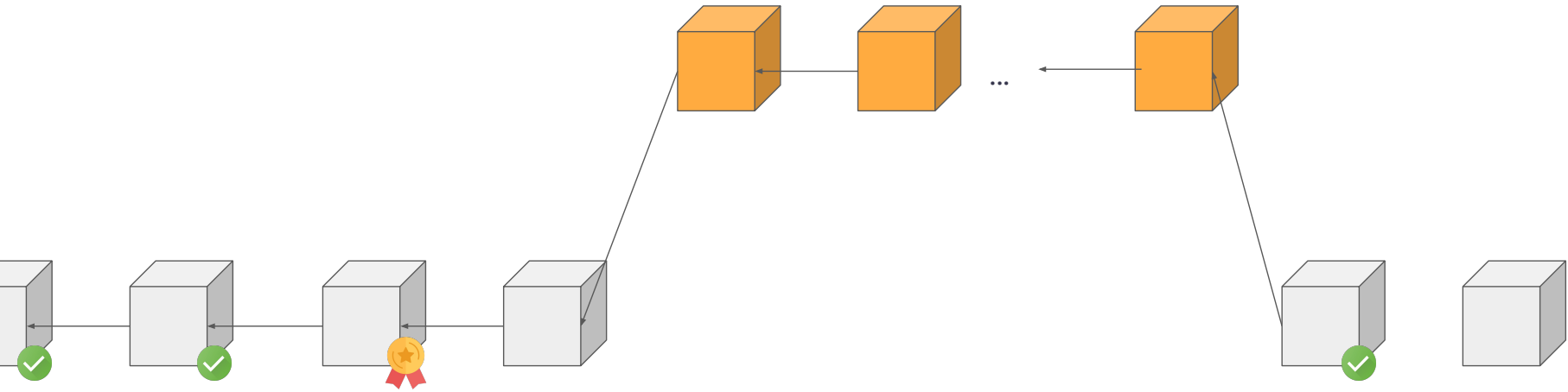
Tue 08 April 2025

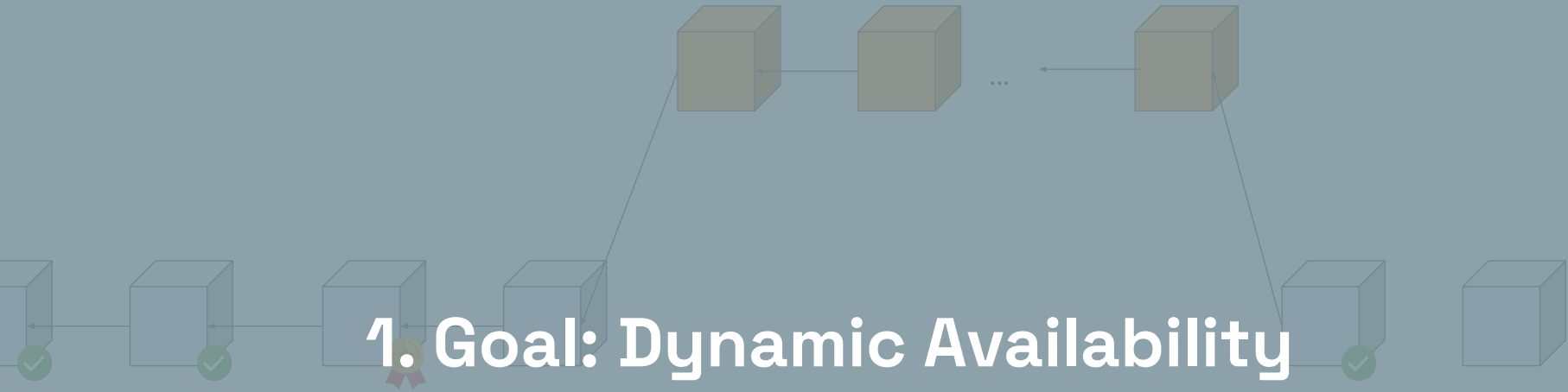




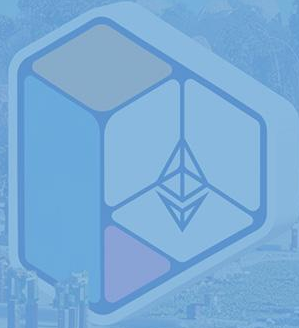








Ebb-and-Flow Protocols



Ebb-and-Flow Protocols: A Resolution of the Availability-Finality Dilemma

Joachim Neu
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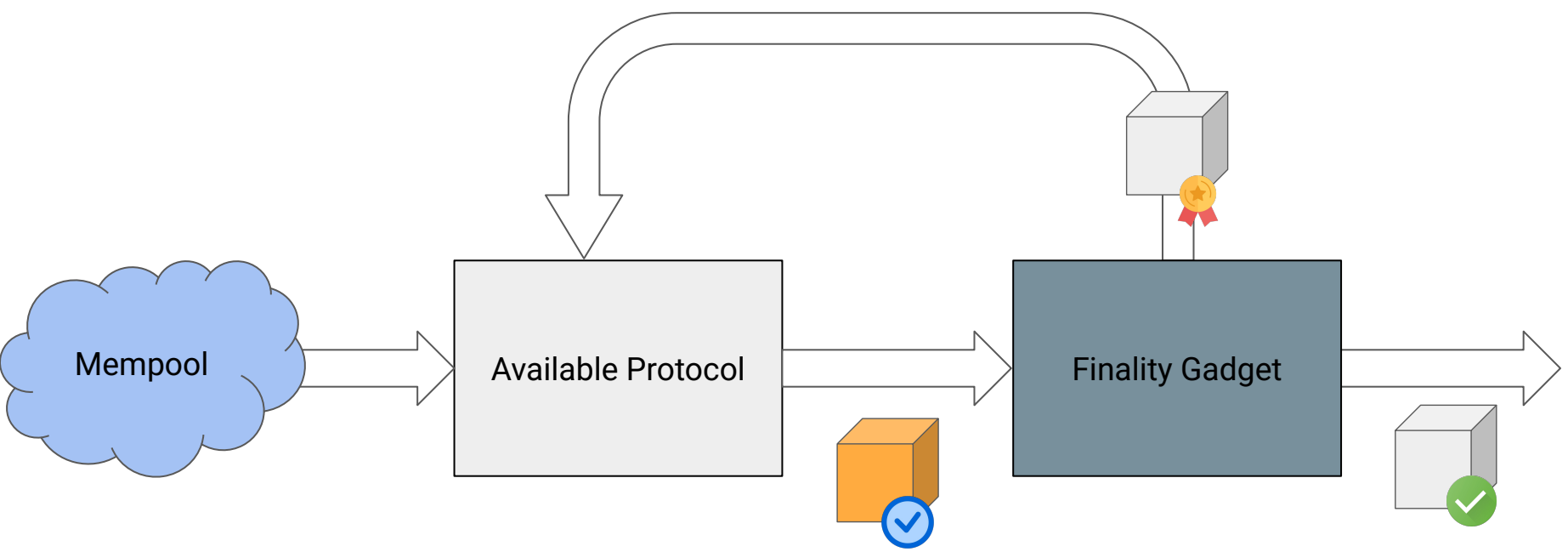
Ertem Nusret Tas
nusret@stanford.edu

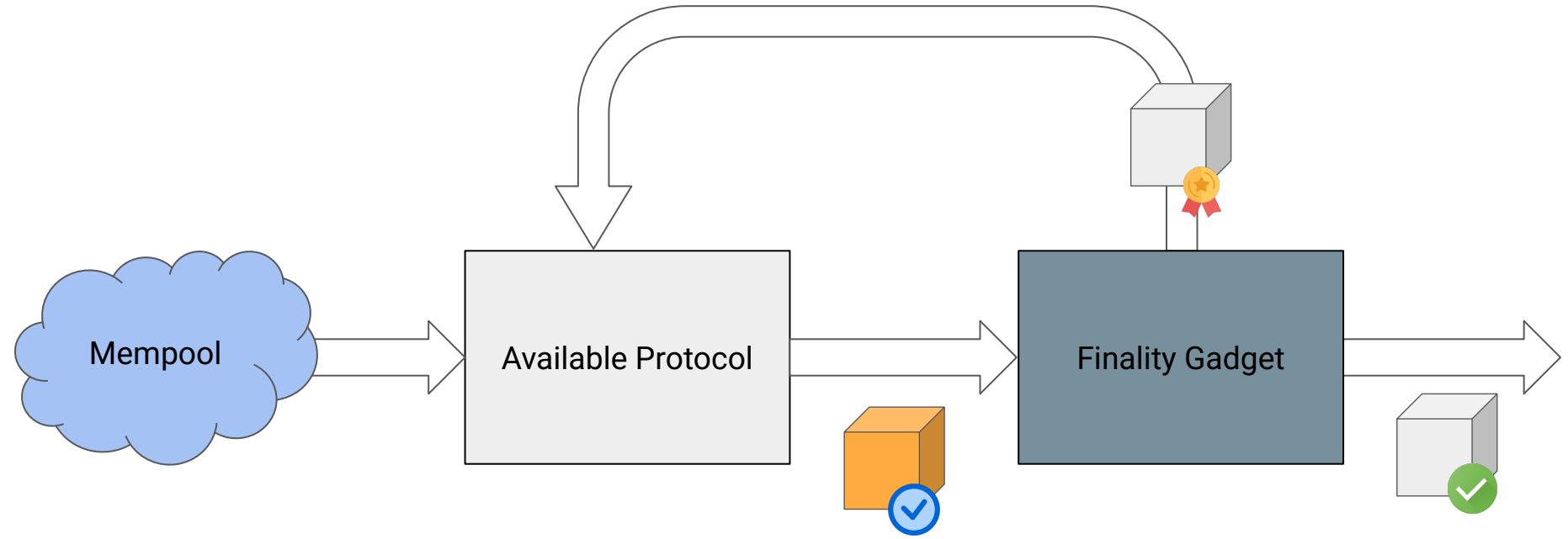
David Tse
dntse@stanford.edu

Abstract—The CAP theorem says that no blockchain can be live under dynamic participation and safe under temporary network partitions. To resolve this availability-finality dilemma, we formulate a new class of flexible consensus protocols, *ebb-and-flow protocols*, which support a full dynamically available ledger in conjunction with a finalized prefix ledger. The finalized ledger falls behind the full ledger when the network partitions but catches up when the network heals. Gasper, the current candidate protocol for Ethereum 2.0's beacon chain, combines the finality gadget Casper FFG with the LMD GHOST fork choice rule and aims to achieve this property. However, we discovered an attack in the standard synchronous network model, highlighting a general difficulty with existing finality-gadget-based designs. We present a construction of provably secure ebb-and-flow protocols with optimal resilience. Nodes run an off-the-shelf dynamically available protocol, take snapshots of the growing available ledger, and input them into a separate off-the-shelf BFT protocol to finalize a prefix. We explore connections with flexible BFT and improve upon the state-of-the-art for that problem.

need to assume all adversary nodes are awake at the beginning [3], [6] or a trusted setup for nodes to join the network [4], [5], but recently it has been shown that these restrictions can be removed using verifiable delay functions [7].

One limitation of dynamically available protocols is that they are not tolerant to network partition: when the network partitions, honest nodes in a dynamically available protocol will think that many nodes are asleep, continue to confirm transactions, and thus is not safe. This is in contrast to permissioned BFT protocols designed for partially synchronous networks, such as PBFT [8], Tendermint [9], [10], Hotstuff [11] and Streamlet [12]. This type of protocols is the basis for permissioned blockchains such as Libra [13], [14] and PoS blockchains such as Algorand [15], [16]. In these protocols, a quorum of two-thirds of the signatures of all the nodes is required to finalize transactions, and hence is safe under





Prefix Property: The available chain is a prefix of the final chain.

Available Chain



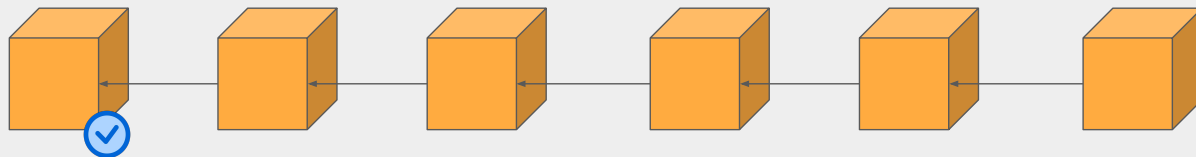
$f < n/2$



Δ (Synchronous)



1 honest awake



Available Chain



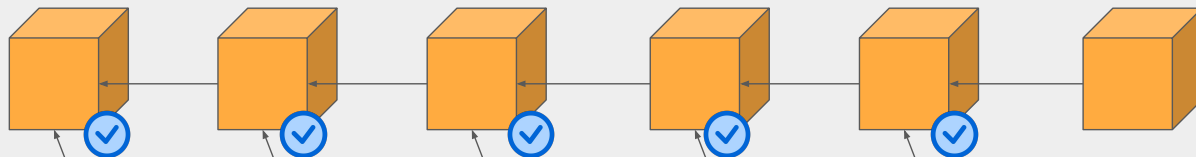
$f < n/2$



Δ (Synchronous)



1 honest awake



Finality Chain



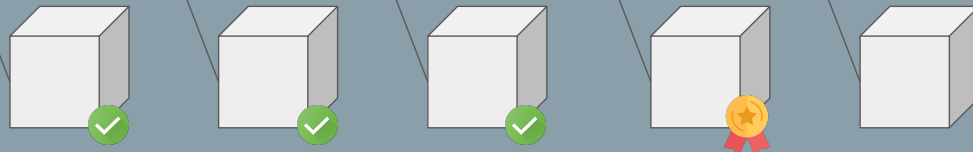
$f < n/3$



Δ after GST (part. sync)



All online after GAT



Available Chain



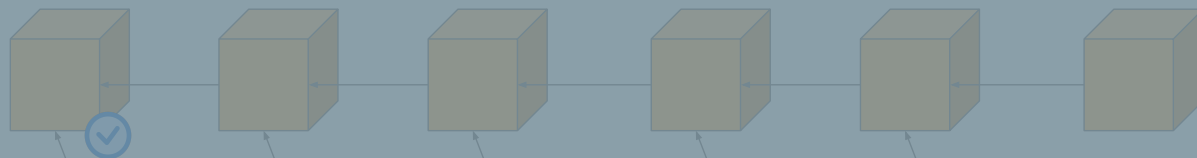
$f < n/2$



Δ (Synchronous)



1 honest awake



2. GOAL: Low-Latency

Finality Chain



$f < n/3$



Δ after GST (part. sync)



All online after GAT



Slot 13812415

Epoch 431637



< || >

6.3 sec

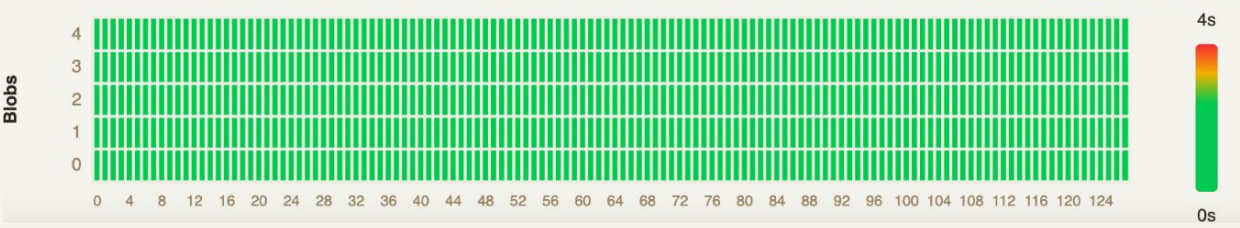


6.0s	Attest	3 validators
6.1s	Attest	8 validators
6.2s	Attest	11 validators
6.2s	Attest	1 validator
6.3s	Attest	1 validator
6.3s	Attest	1 validator
6.3s	Attest	2 validators
6.4s	Attest	9 validators
7.5s	Attest	1 validator
9.5s	Attest	1 validator



Data from nodes contributing to Xatu • Not representative of actual Ethereum network distribution

DATA COLUMN AVAILABILITY



ATTESTATION ARRIVALS





Slot 13812415
Epoch 431637

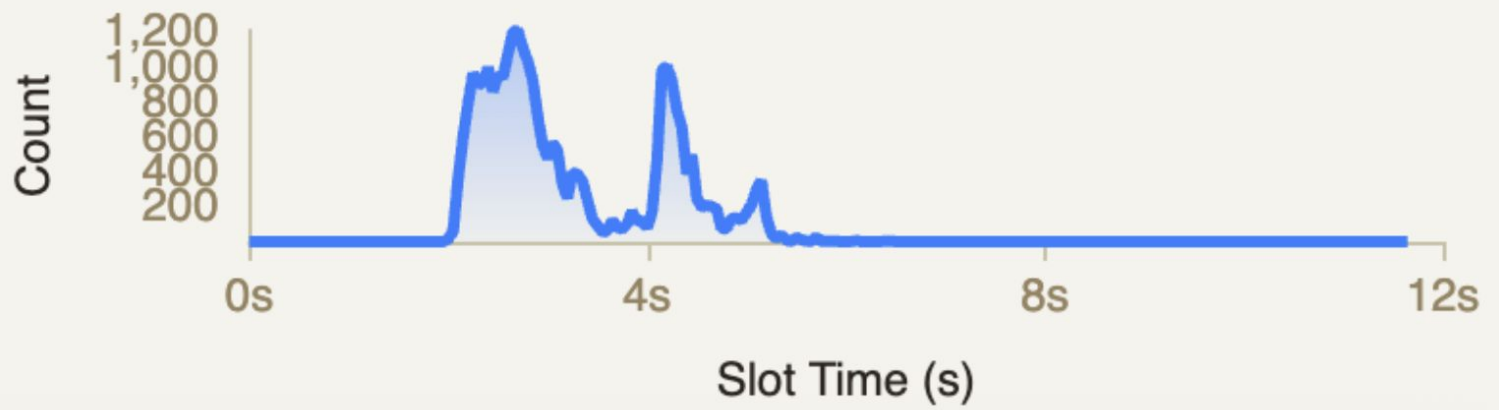
< || > **6.3 sec**

Block | Attestations | Aggregations

0s 4s 8s 12s

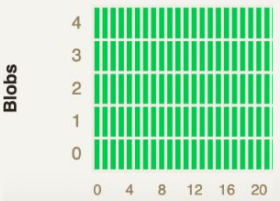
6.0s • Attest 3 validators

ATTESTATION ARRIVALS



Data from nodes contributing

DATA COLUMN AVAILABILITY



Available Chain



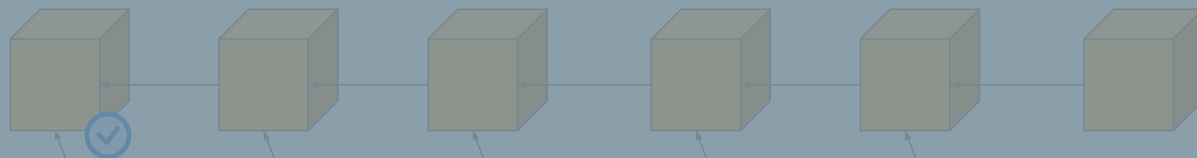
$f < n/2$



Δ (Synchronous)



1 honest awake



2. GOAL: Low-Latency

Finality Chain



$f < n/3$



Δ after GST (part. sync)



All online after GST



Available Chain



$f < n/2$



Δ (Synchronous)



1 honest awake

2. Goal: Low-Latency



Finality Chain



$f < n/3$



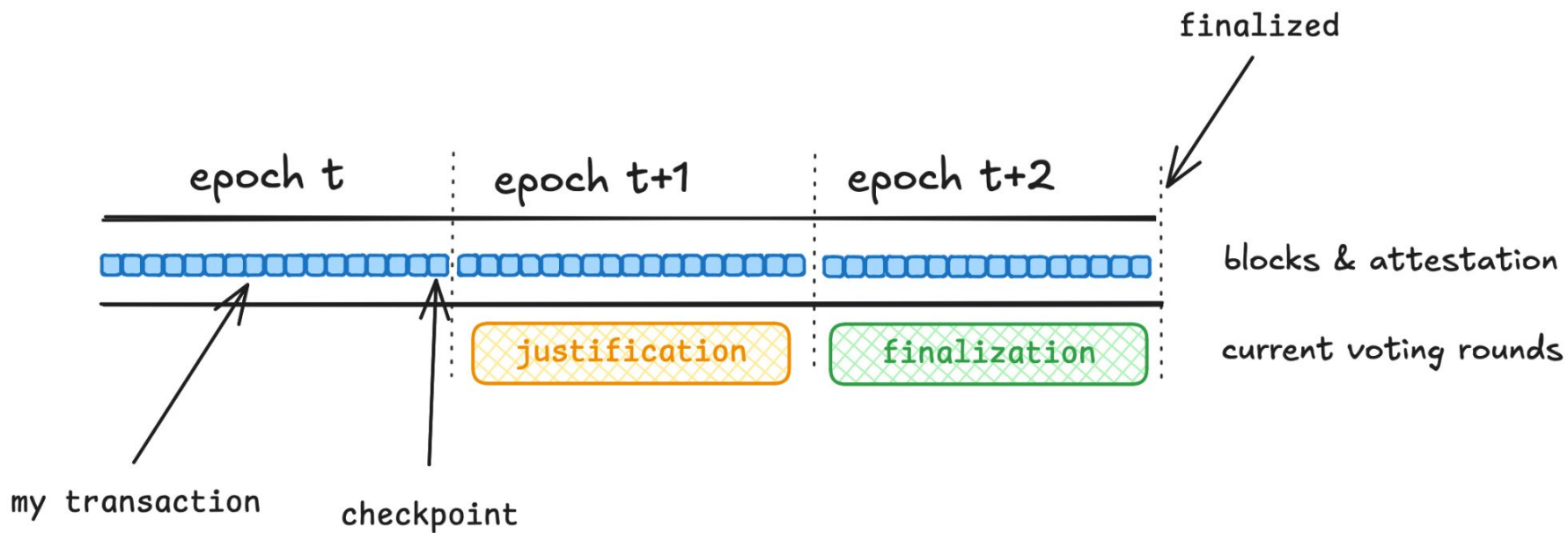
Δ after GST (part. sync)



All online after GAT

Few Voting Rounds





Available Protocol



TOB-SVD



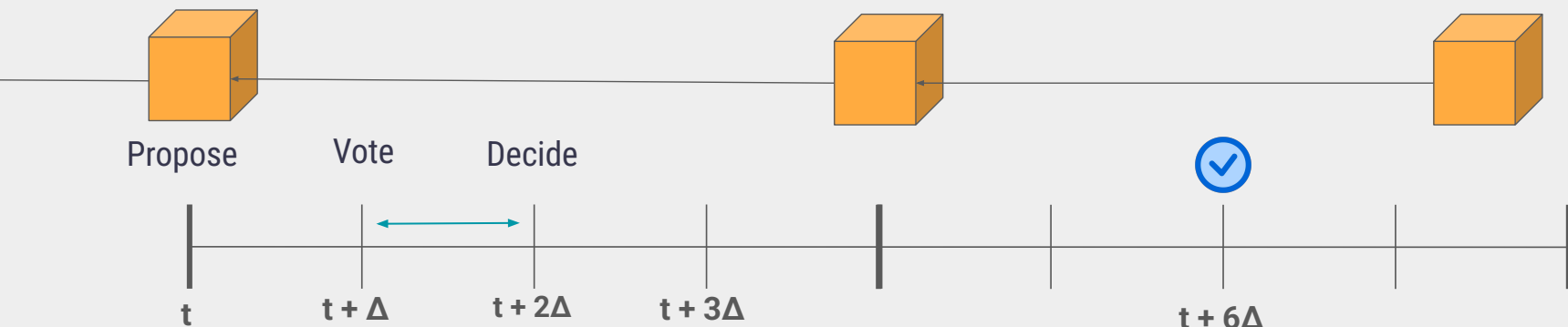
$f < n/2$



Δ (Synchronous)



1 honest awake



TOB-SVD

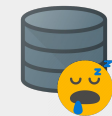
Single vote decision!



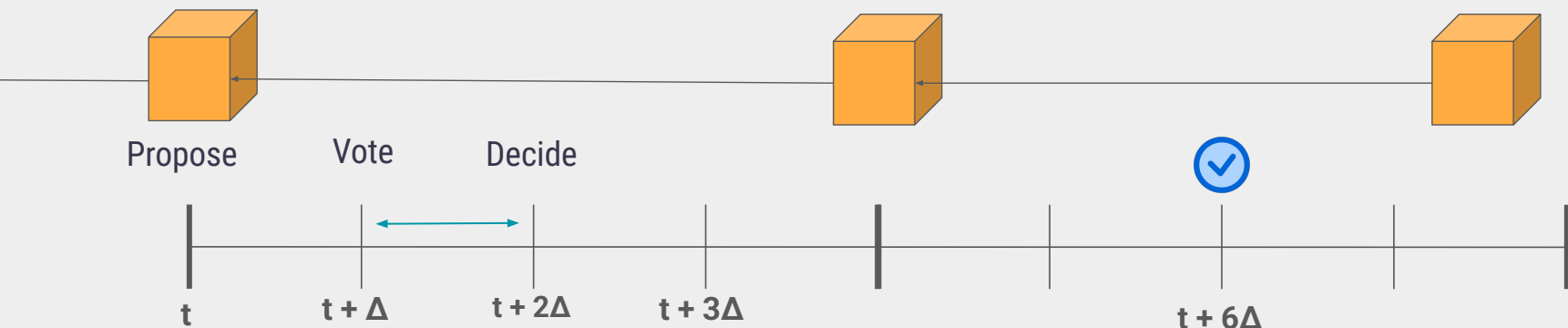
$f < n/2$



Δ (Synchronous)



1 honest awake



TOB-SVD



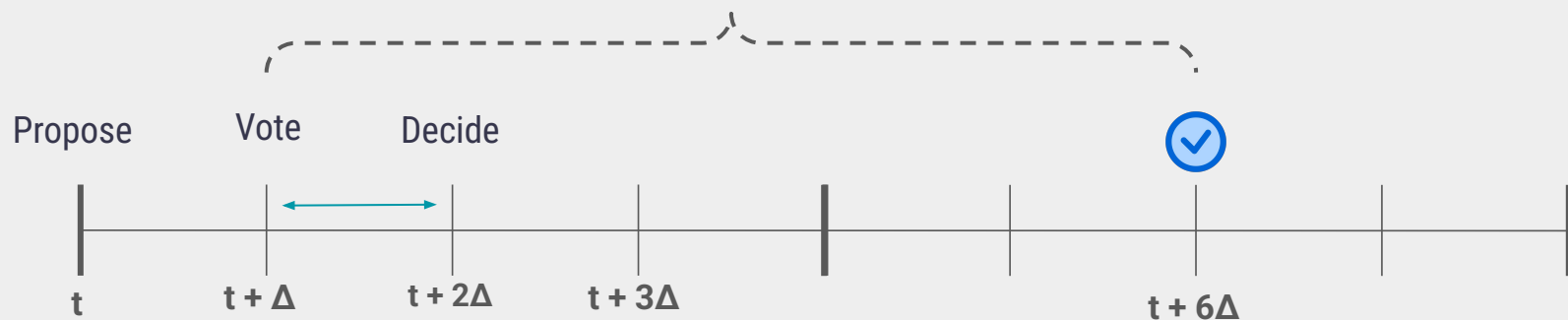
$f < n/2$



Δ (Synchronous)



1 honest awake



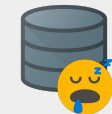
TOB-SVD: Dynamic Quorums



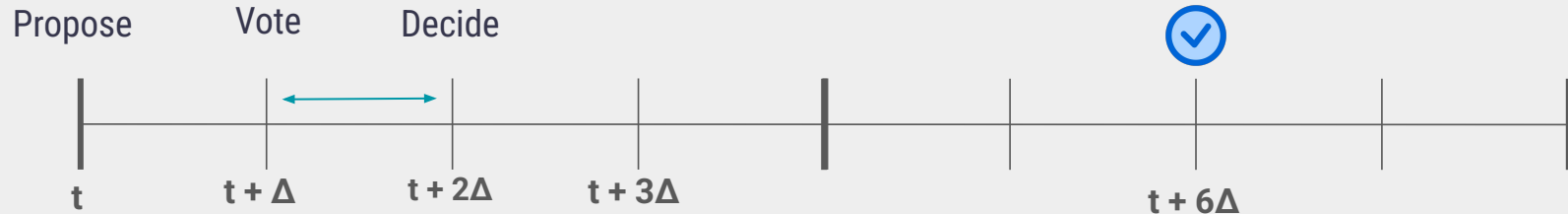
$f < n/2$



Δ (Synchronous)



1 honest awake



TOB-SVD: Dynamic Quorums



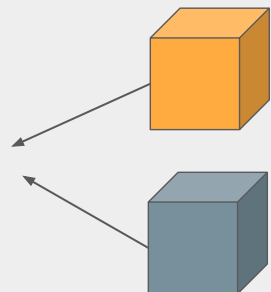
$f < n/2$



Δ (Synchronous)



1 honest awake



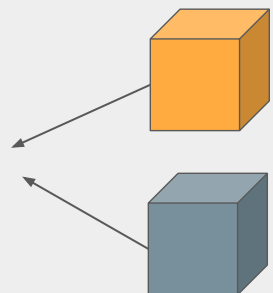
Propose

Vote

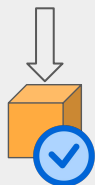
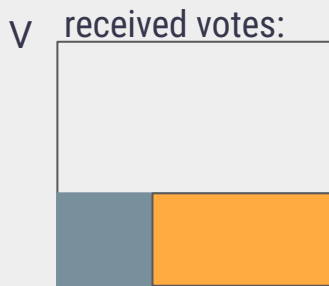
Decide



TOB-SVD



Propose



Vote

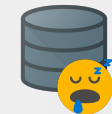
Decide



$f < n/2$

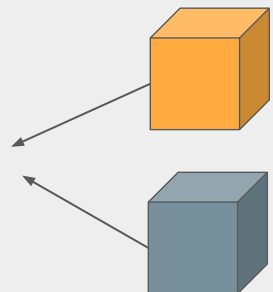


Δ (Synchronous)

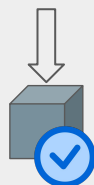
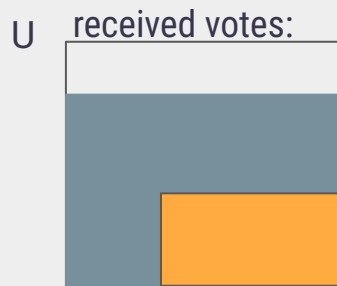
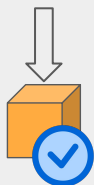
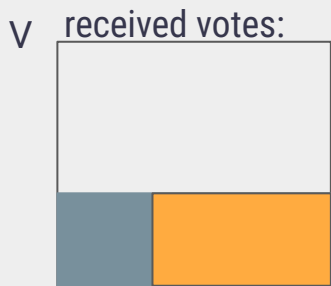


1 honest awake

TOB-SVD



Propose



Vote

Decide



$f < n/2$

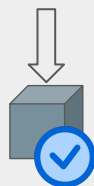
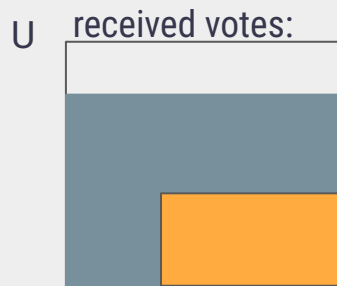
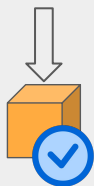
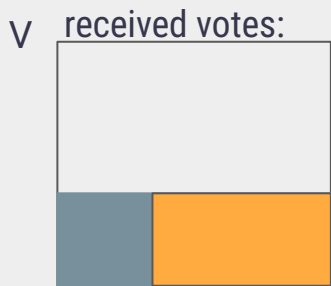
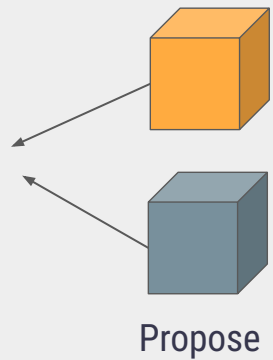


Δ (Synchronous)



1 honest awake

TOB-SVD



Solution: Time shifted quorums!



- $f < n/2$
- Δ (Synchronous)
- 1 honest awake

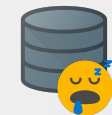
TOB-SVD



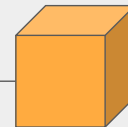
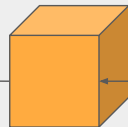
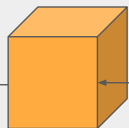
$f < n/2$



Δ (Synchronous)



1 honest awake



Propose

Vote

Decide

t

t + Δ

t + 2 Δ

t + 3 Δ

t + 6 Δ



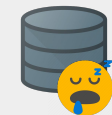
Step 1: Probabilistic TOB-SVD



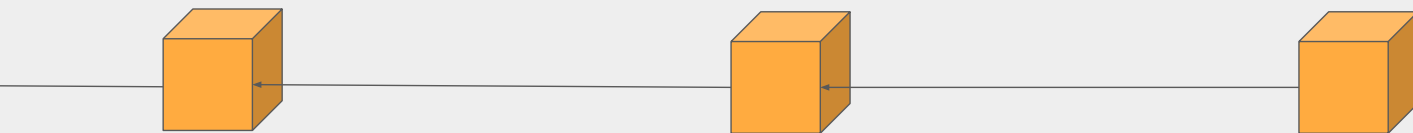
$f < n/2$



Δ (Synchronous)



1 honest awake



Propose

Vote

t

$t + \Delta$

$t + 2\Delta$

|

|

|

|

Step 1: Probabilistic TOB-SVD



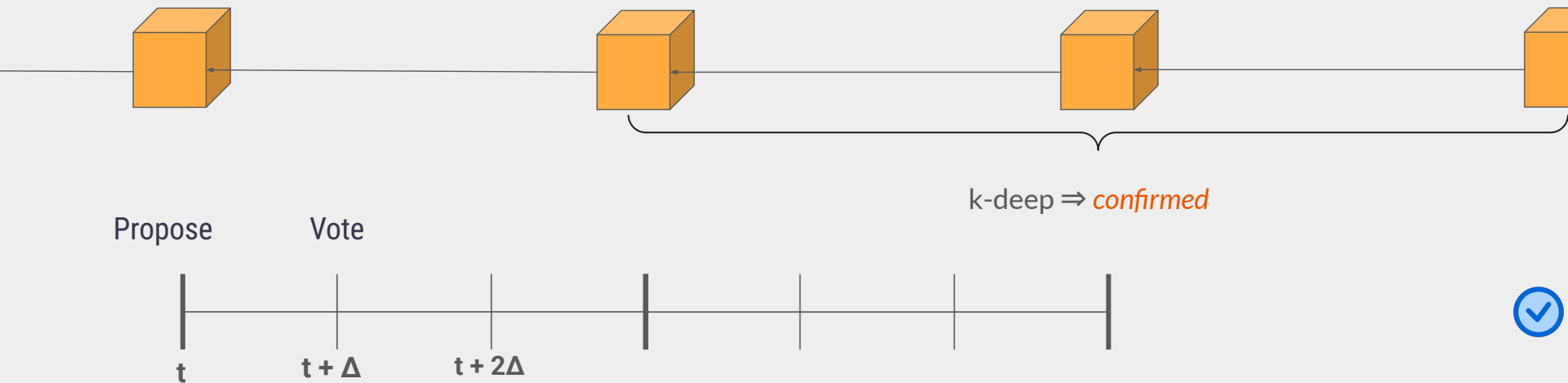
$f < n/2$



Δ (Synchronous)



1 honest awake



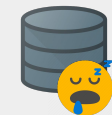
Step 2: Fast Confirmation



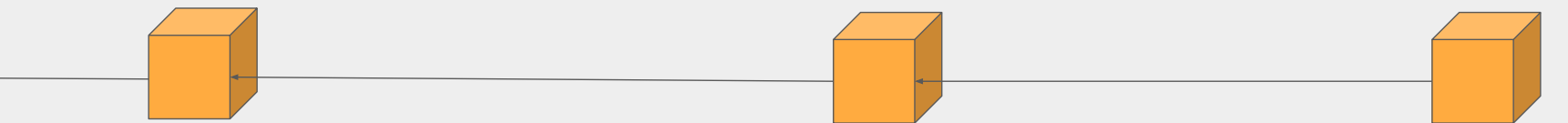
$f < n/2$



Δ (Synchronous)



1 honest awake



Propose

Vote

Fast Confirm

t

$t + \Delta$

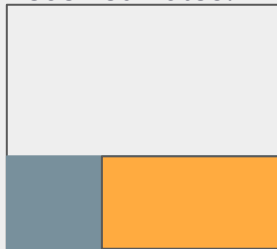
$t + 2\Delta$

$t + 3\Delta$



Step 2: Fast Confirmation

received votes:



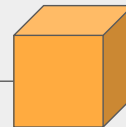
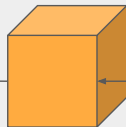
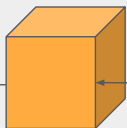
$f < n/2$



Δ (Synchronous)



1 honest awake



Propose

Vote

Fast Confirm

t

$t + \Delta$

$t + 2\Delta$

$t + 3\Delta$



Step 2: Fast Confirmation

received votes:



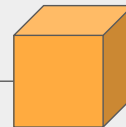
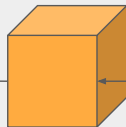
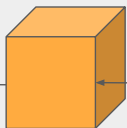
$f < n/2$



Δ (Synchronous)



1 honest awake



Propose

Vote

Fast Confirm

t

t + Δ

t + 2Δ

t + 3Δ



Probabilistic TOB-SVD with Fast Confirmation



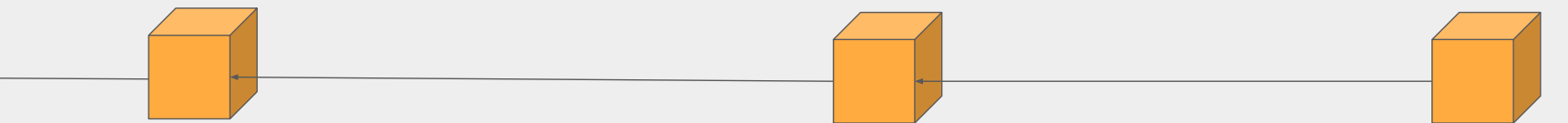
$f < n/2$



Δ (Synchronous)



1 honest awake



Propose

Vote

Fast Confirm

t

$t + \Delta$

$t + 2\Delta$

$t + 3\Delta$



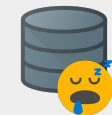
TOB-SVD: Dynamic Quorums



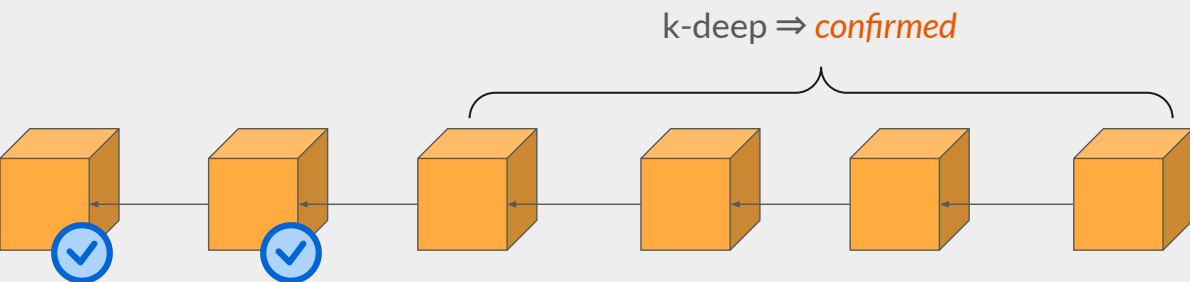
$f < n/2$



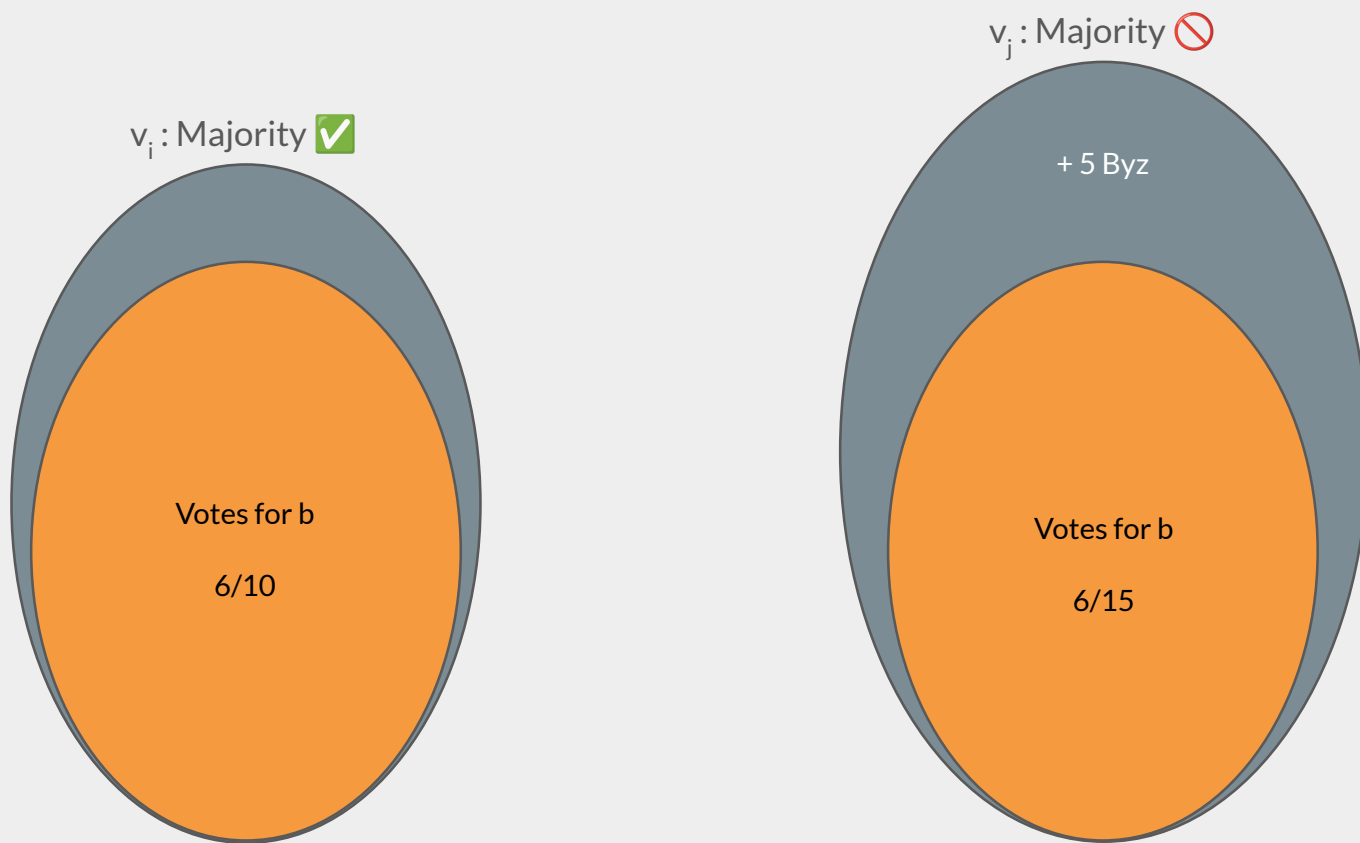
Δ (Synchronous)



1 honest awake

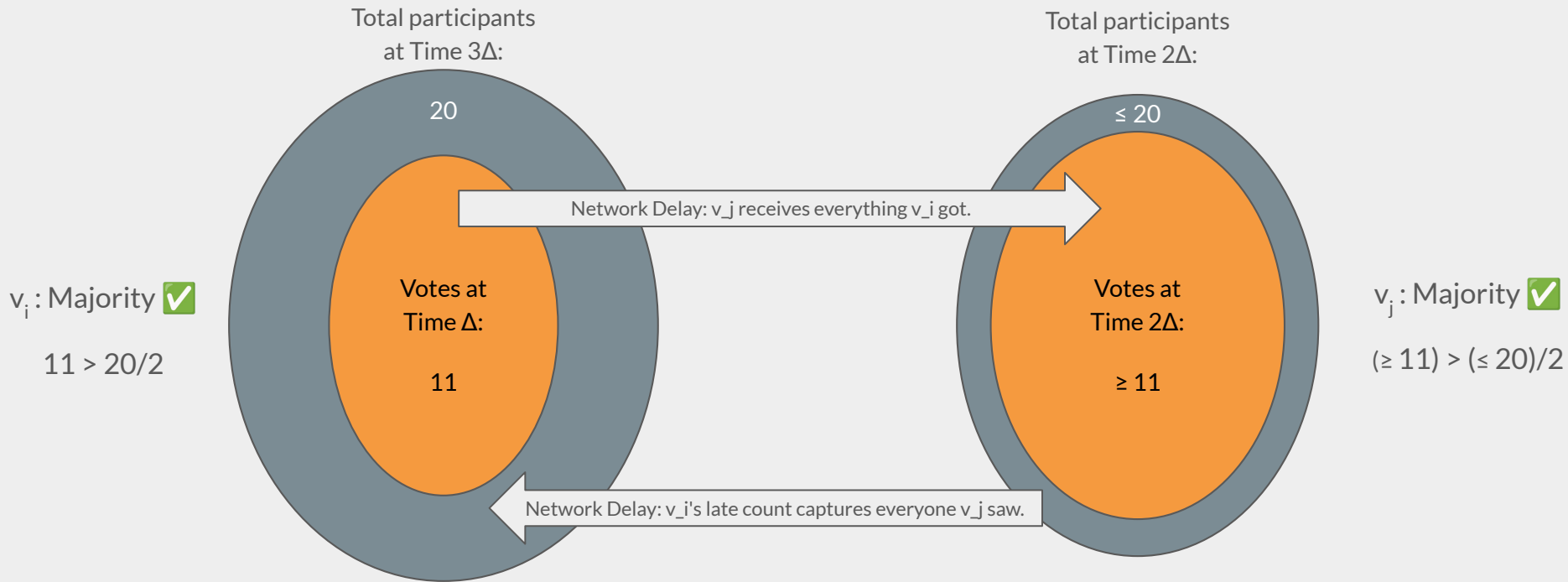


The Problem: Dynamic Quorum Non-Transferability



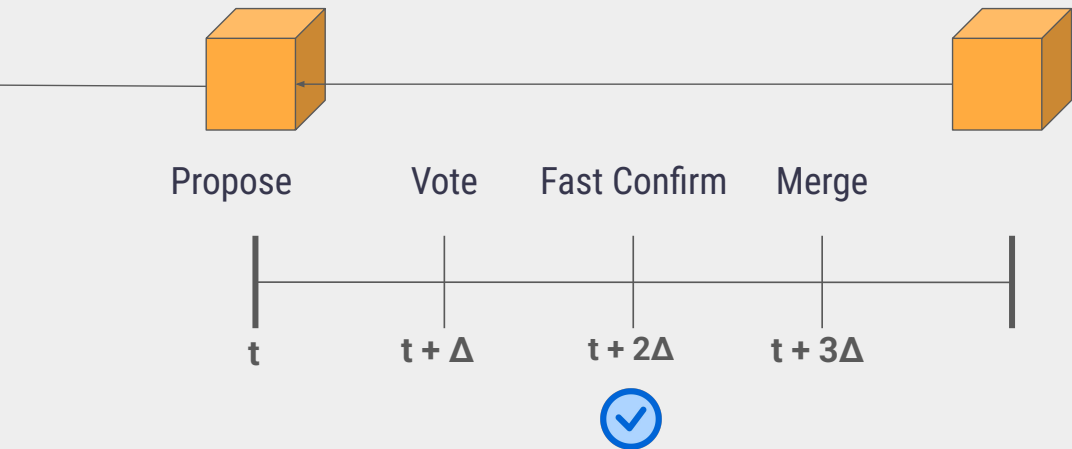
Byzantine validators announce themselves selectively so the same certificate is valid for v_i but not for v_j .

The Solution: Time-Shifted Quorums



Validator v_j is guaranteed to see *at least* all of v_i 's early votes (Top Arrow), and v_j 's late participant count will capture *at least* everyone v_j saw (Bottom Arrow).

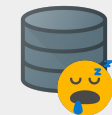
Probabilistic TOB-SVD



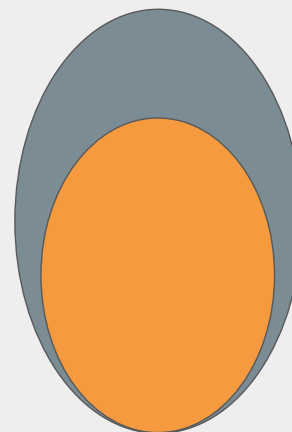
$f < n/2$



Δ (Synchronous)



1 honest awake



Finality Gadget



Finality Gadget



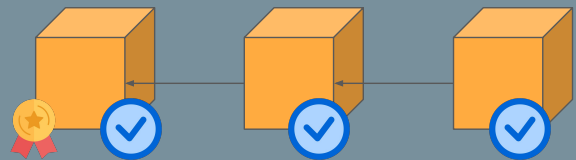
$f < n/3$



Δ after GST (part. sync)



All online after GAT



Pick voting target:

Confirmed head of available chain
(respecting justification)

Finality Gadget



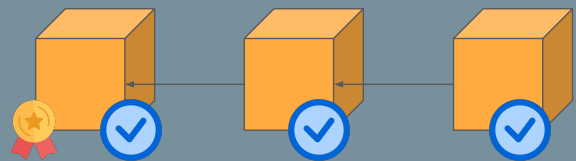
$f < n/3$



Δ after GST (part. sync)



All online after GAT



Pick voting target:

Confirmed head of available chain
(respecting justification)

Finality Gadget



$f < n/3$



Δ after GST (part. sync)



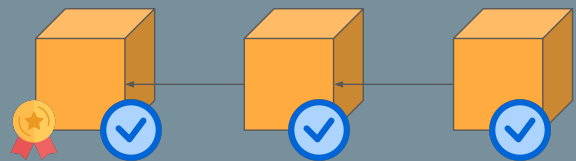
All online after GAT



Pick voting target:

Confirmed head of available chain
(respecting justification)

⇒ fast confirmed



Finality Gadget



$f < n/3$



Δ after GST (part. sync)



All online after GAT

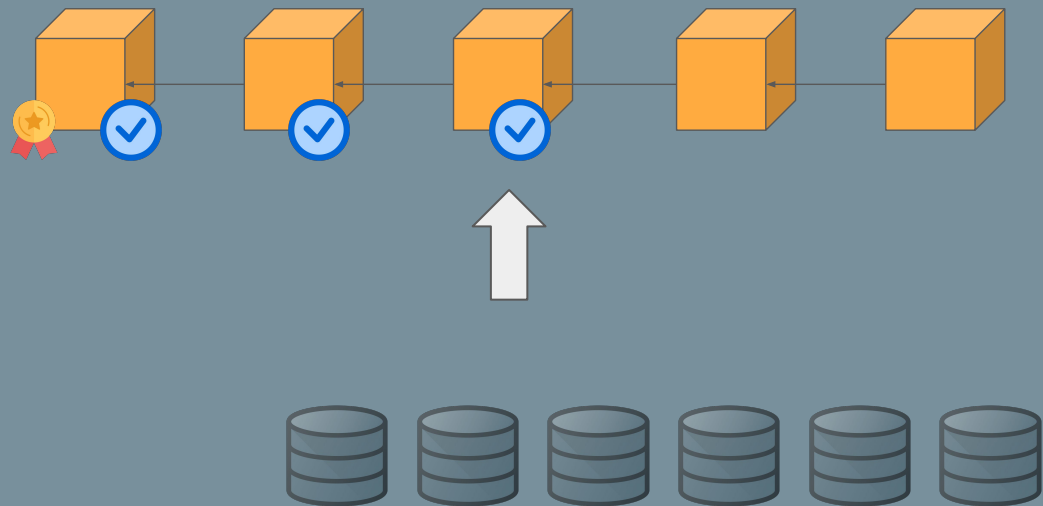


Pick voting target:

Confirmed head of available chain
(respecting justification)

⇒ fast confirmed

⇒ k - deep



Finality Gadget



$f < n/3$



Δ after GST (part. sync)



All online after GAT



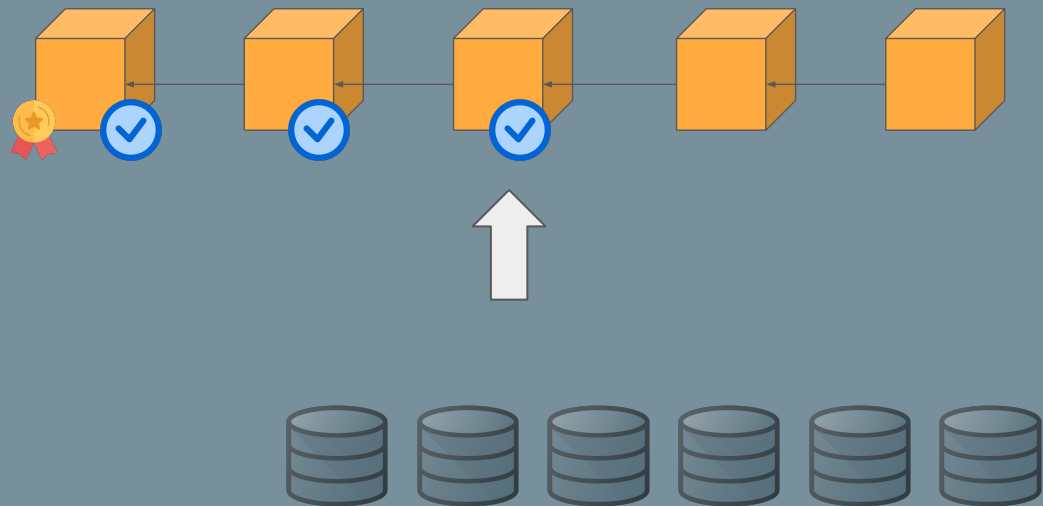
Pick voting target:

Confirmed head of available chain
(respecting justification)

⇒ fast confirmed

⇒ k - deep

(under sleepiness, or asynchrony)



Finality Gadget



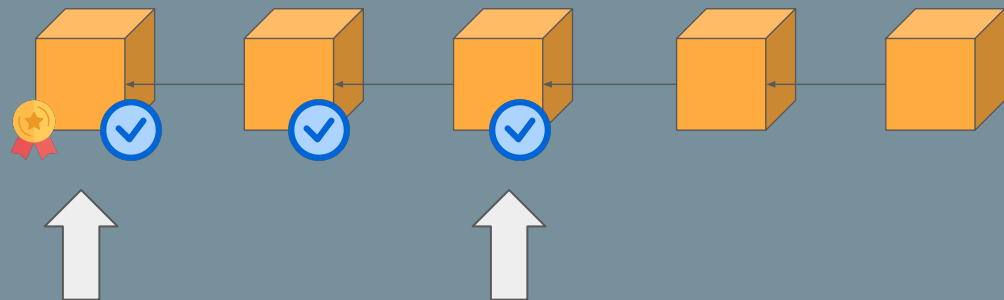
$f < n/3$



Δ after GST (part. sync)



All online after GAT



Pick voting target:

Confirmed head of available chain
(respecting justification)

⇒ fast confirmed

⇒ k - deep

(under sleepiness, or asynchrony)



Pick voting source:

Latest justified block

Finality Gadget



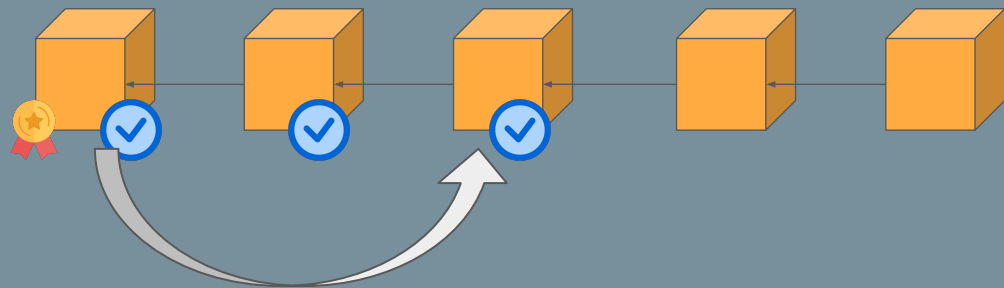
$f < n/3$



Δ after GST (part. sync)



All online after GAT



Pick voting target:

Confirmed head of available chain
(respecting justification)

⇒ fast confirmed

⇒ k - deep

(under sleepiness, or asynchrony)



Pick voting source:

Latest justified block

Finality Gadget



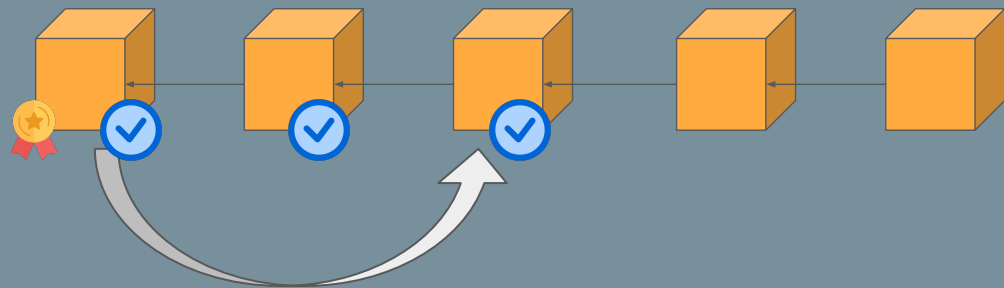
$f < n/3$



Δ after GST (part. sync)



All online after GAT



Justify block B once:
 $\geq 67\%$ votes with target B



Finality Gadget



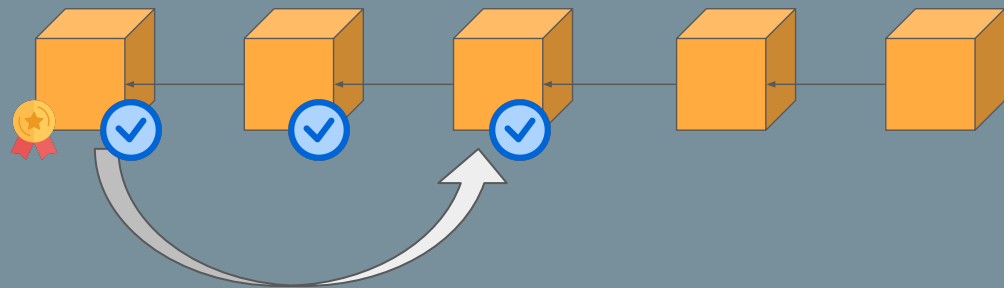
$f < n/3$



Δ after GST (part. sync)



All online after GAT



Justify block B once:
 $\geq 67\%$ votes with target B



Finality Gadget



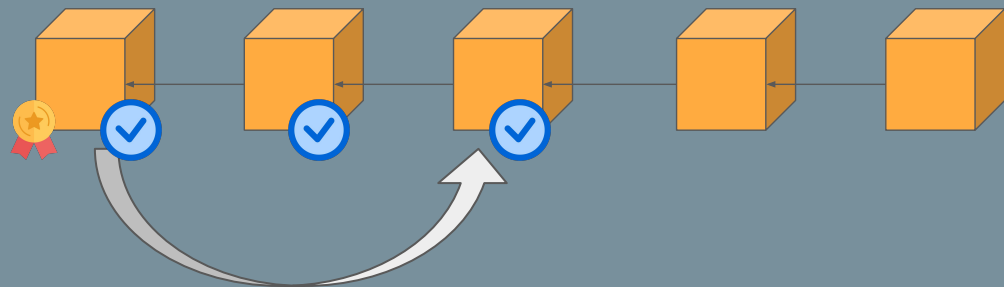
$f < n/3$



Δ after GST (part. sync)



All online after GAT



Justify block B once:
 $\geq 67\%$ votes with target B



Finalize block B once:
 $\geq 67\%$ votes with source B and target $B' > B$



Finality Gadget



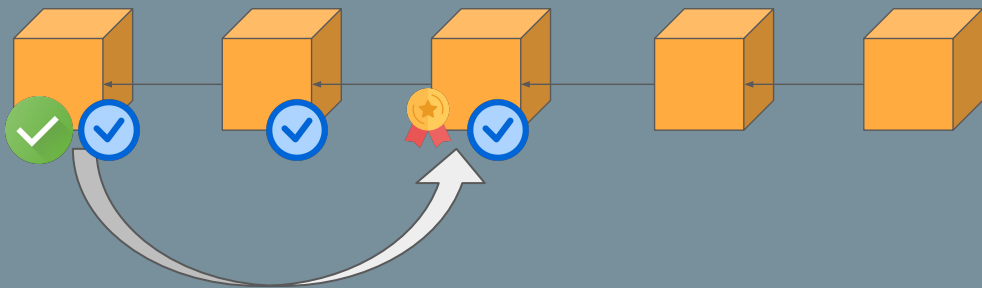
$f < n/3$



Δ after GST (part. sync)



All online after GAT



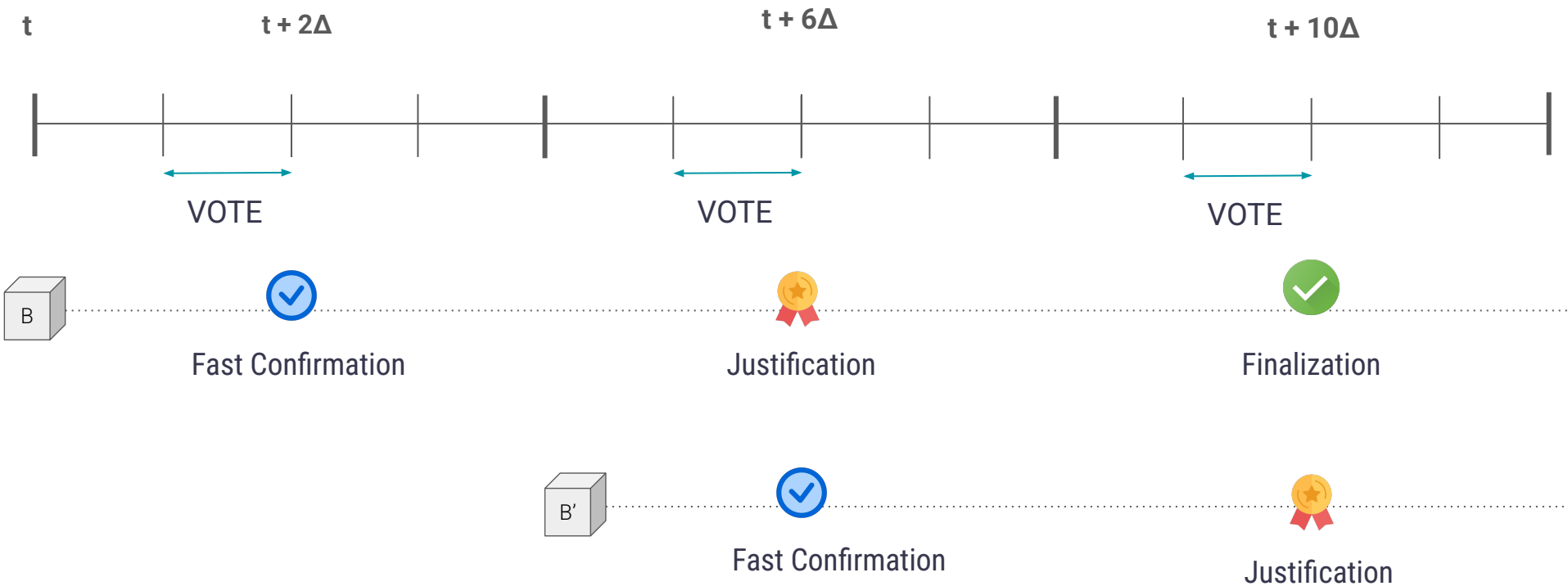
Justify block B once:
 $\geq 67\%$ votes with target B



Finalize block B once:
 $\geq 67\%$ votes with source B and
target $B' > B$



Majorum





Contributions

- **Ebb-and-Flow** construction with **dynamic quorums**
- Combination of **k-deep** and **fast confirmation** with a single voting phase per slot
 - Finalization in 3 slots
 - Expected transaction latency: 12Δ
- Opens the way for future improvements

Thank you!



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